

Week 10 Worksheet - Graphing

Instructions. Follow the instructions given by your TA. You are not expected to finish all the problems. :)

$$f(x) = 0 \text{ or not defined}$$

- What are the differences between the following terms?
 - Critical points VS local minimum or local maximum.
 - Local minimum VS global/absolute minimum.

only need to check critical pts & end pts. For closed interval $[a, b]$, global ~~max~~ ^{min} can also happen at endpoints.

- Find global max / global min of $f(x) = x^{\frac{4}{5}}$ on $[-1, 2]$.
 - Find global max / global min of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$ on $[0, 2]$.

Max/min on closed interval

(a) $f(x) = \frac{4}{5} x^{-\frac{1}{5}} = \frac{4}{5\sqrt[5]{x}}$

$x=0$ is a critical point.

$$f(-1) = \sqrt[5]{(-1)^4} = \sqrt[5]{1} = 1$$

$$f(0) = 0$$

$$f(2) = \sqrt[5]{2^4} = \sqrt[5]{16} > 1$$

global max: $\sqrt[5]{16}$ $(2, \sqrt[5]{16})$

global min: 0 $(0, 0)$

(b) $f(x) = 3x^2 - 3 = 3(x-1)(x+1)$

$x=1, -1$ are critical pts $\Rightarrow 1$ is in $[0, 2]$, but -1 isn't.

$$f(0) = 0$$

global max = 9 $(2, 9)$

~~$f(1) = -2$~~

$$f(1) = -2$$

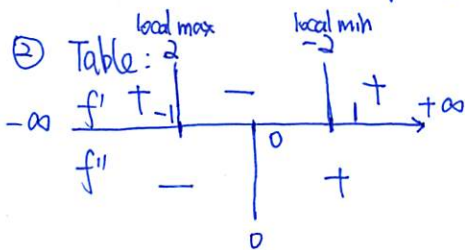
global min = -2 $(1, -2)$

$$f(2) = 9$$

- Draw the graph of $f(x) = x^3 - 3x$

① $f'(x) = 3x^2 - 3$ critical pts: $x = -1, 1$

$f''(x) = 6x$ possible inflection pts: $x = 0$



Or:

	$-\infty$	-1	0	1	$+\infty$
f'	+	-	-	+	+
f''	-	-	+	+	+
shape	∪	∩	∪	∪	∪

- Y-values of importance pts.

$$f(-1) = 2$$

$$f(0) = 0$$

$$f(1) = -2$$

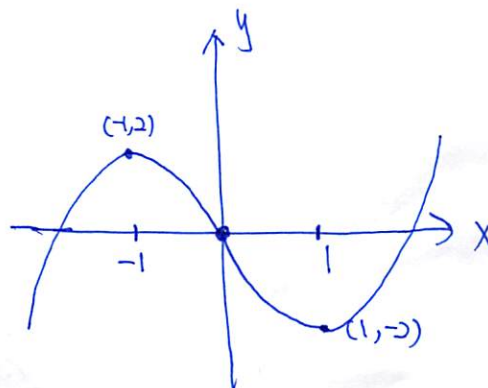
- Asymptotes:

VA: none

HA: none

SA: none.

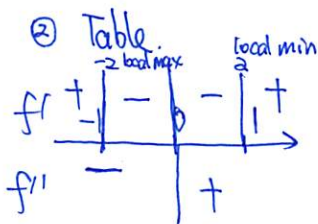
- Sketch



4. Draw the graph of $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$

① $f(x) = 1 - \frac{1}{x^2} = \frac{x^2-1}{x^2} = \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{x^2} \Rightarrow$ critical pts: $x = -1, 0, 1$

$f'(x) = 2x^{-3} = \frac{2}{x^3} \Rightarrow$ possible inflection pt: $x = 0$



Or:

	$-\infty$	-1	0	1	$+\infty$
f'	+	-	-	+	
f''	-	-	+	+	
shape	()	()	

③ y-values

$f(-1) = -2$

$f(0) = \text{not defined}$

$f(1) = 2$

④ Asymptotes

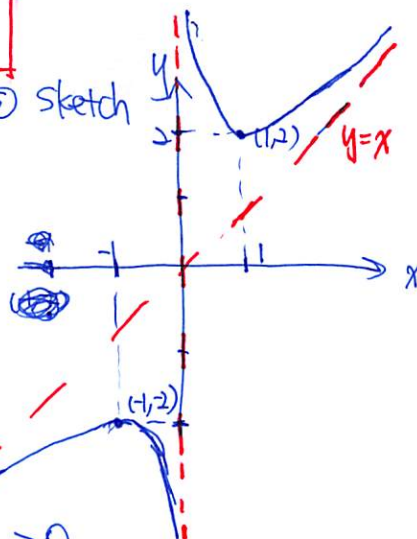
VA: $x = 0$

HA: none

SA: $m = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} = 1$ $y = x$

$b = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) - mx = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{x} = 0$

⑤ Sketch



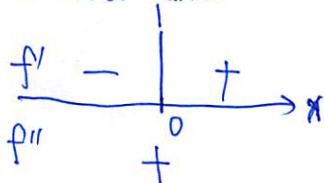
5. Draw the graph of $f(x) = \sqrt{1+x^2}$

① $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(1+x^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2x = \frac{x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$

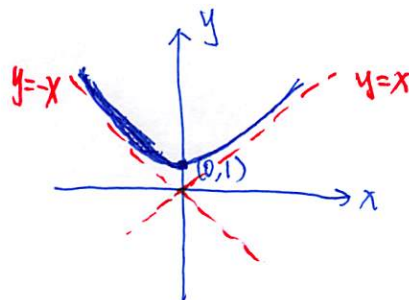
critical pts: $x = 0$

$f''(x) = \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \frac{1}{2}(1+x^2)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 2x \cdot x}{(\sqrt{1+x^2})^2} = \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2} - \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}}{(1+x^2)} = \frac{1+x^2 - x^2}{(1+x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} = \frac{1}{(1+x^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}} > 0$

② Table



⑤ Sketch:



③ y-values

$f(0) = 1$

④ Asymptotes:

VA: none

HA: none

SA: $m = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x^2}}}{x} = 1$

$b = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) - mx = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{1+x^2} - x = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2} + x} = 0$

$m = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{f(x)}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{1+x^2}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{\sqrt{x^2} \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x^2}}}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{-x \sqrt{1+\frac{1}{x^2}}}{x} = -1$

$b = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} f(x) - mx = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \sqrt{1+x^2} + x = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^2} - x} = 0$

$\sqrt{x^2} = |x| = \begin{cases} x & x > 0 \\ -x & x < 0 \end{cases}$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{y = x}$

$\Rightarrow \boxed{y = -x}$